



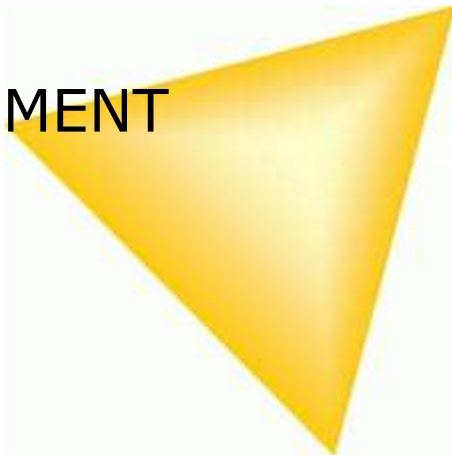
Royal Netherlands Air Force

Reducing oxygen mask induced nasal discomfort in F-16 pilots of the RNLAf

– user, university and industry working together

INDUSTRY

GOVERNMENT

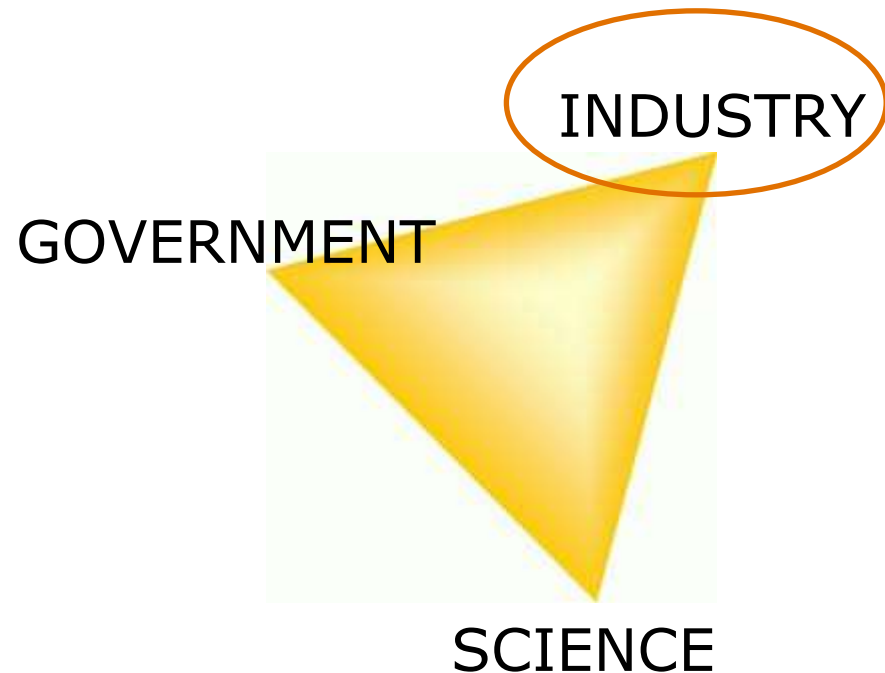


SCIENCE

Center for Man in Aviation
Marieke van den Oord, PhD
Head research department

4 April 2014

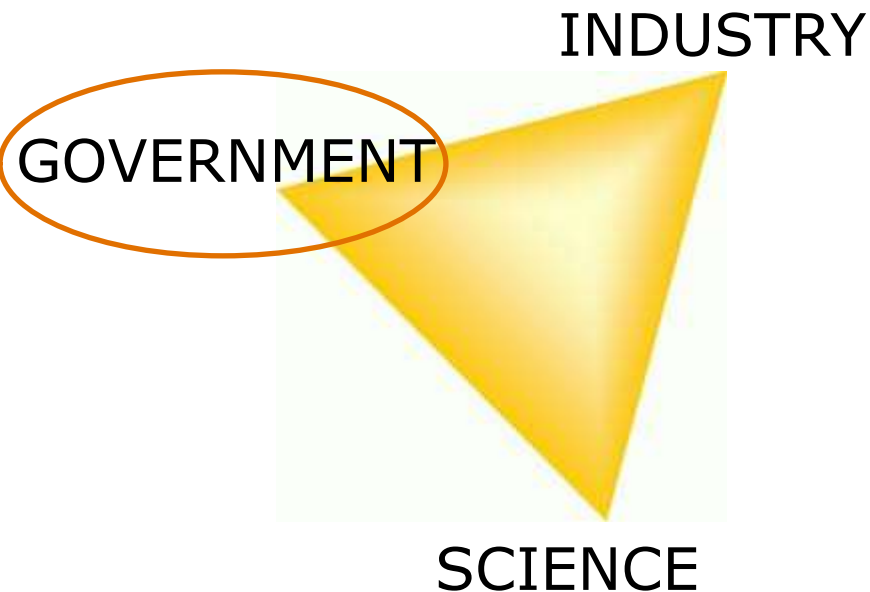
The golden Triangle: Knowledge/Innovation



INDUSTRY

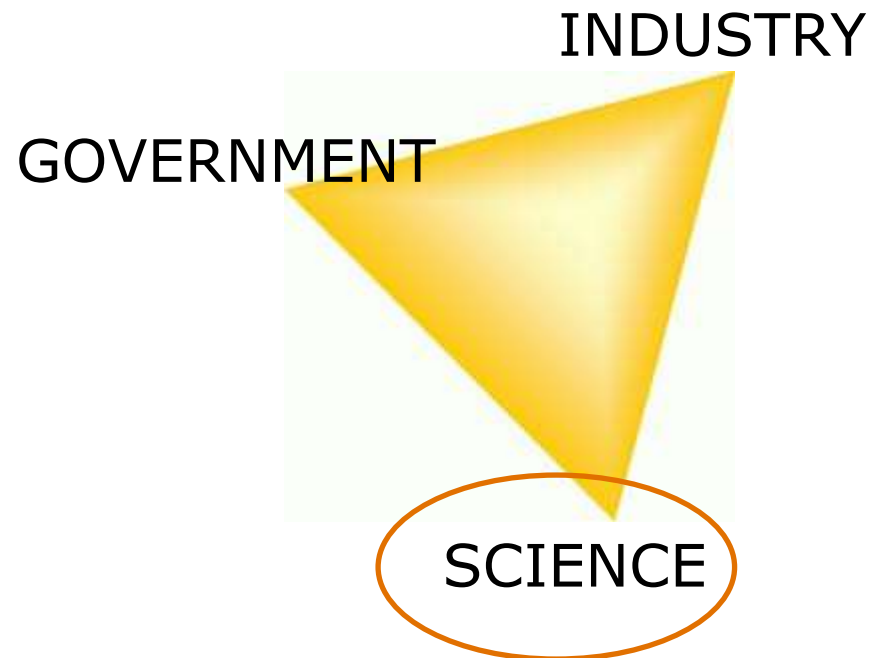
- YOU
- Life support equipment
- Commercial business
- Selling products
- Happy customers

The golden Triangle: Knowledge/Innovation



GOVERNMENT

- WE: RNLAF
- Customer
 - COTS/MOTS
- USER: aircrew, technicians
- User knowledge!



SCIENCE

- WE: CML
- Center of excellence in human factors in aviation and space

Center for Man in Aviation

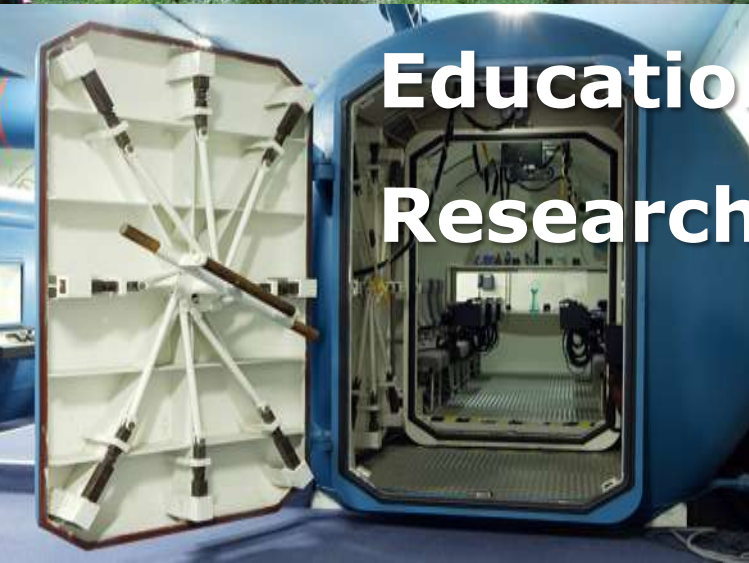


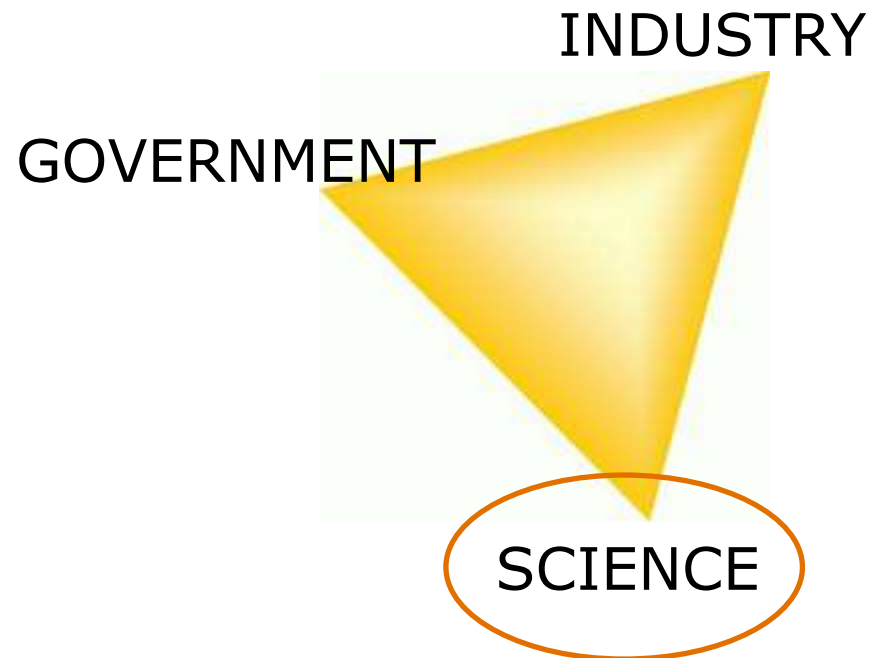
Aeromedical examinations

Psychological selections

Education and training

Research and development





SCIENCE

- WE: CML
- Center of excellence in human factors in aviation and space
- Government
- Customer
- Sponsor/funder
- TNO, NLA, Universities
- Semi-government

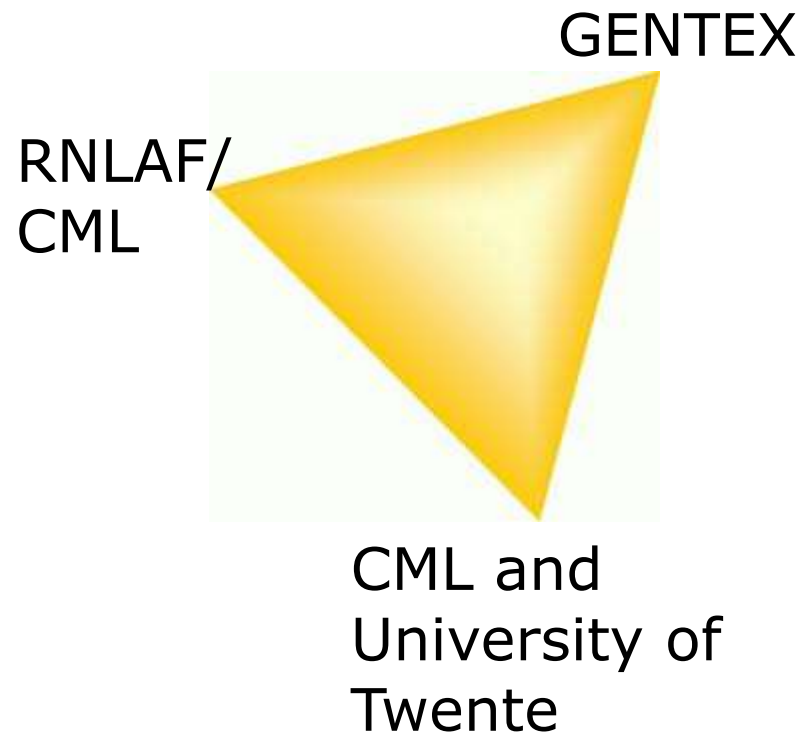


Problem

- Nasal discomfort:
minor bruising- severe deformation



The golden Triangle: Knowledge/Innovation



- TAA
- Internship
- Master student
Industrial Design



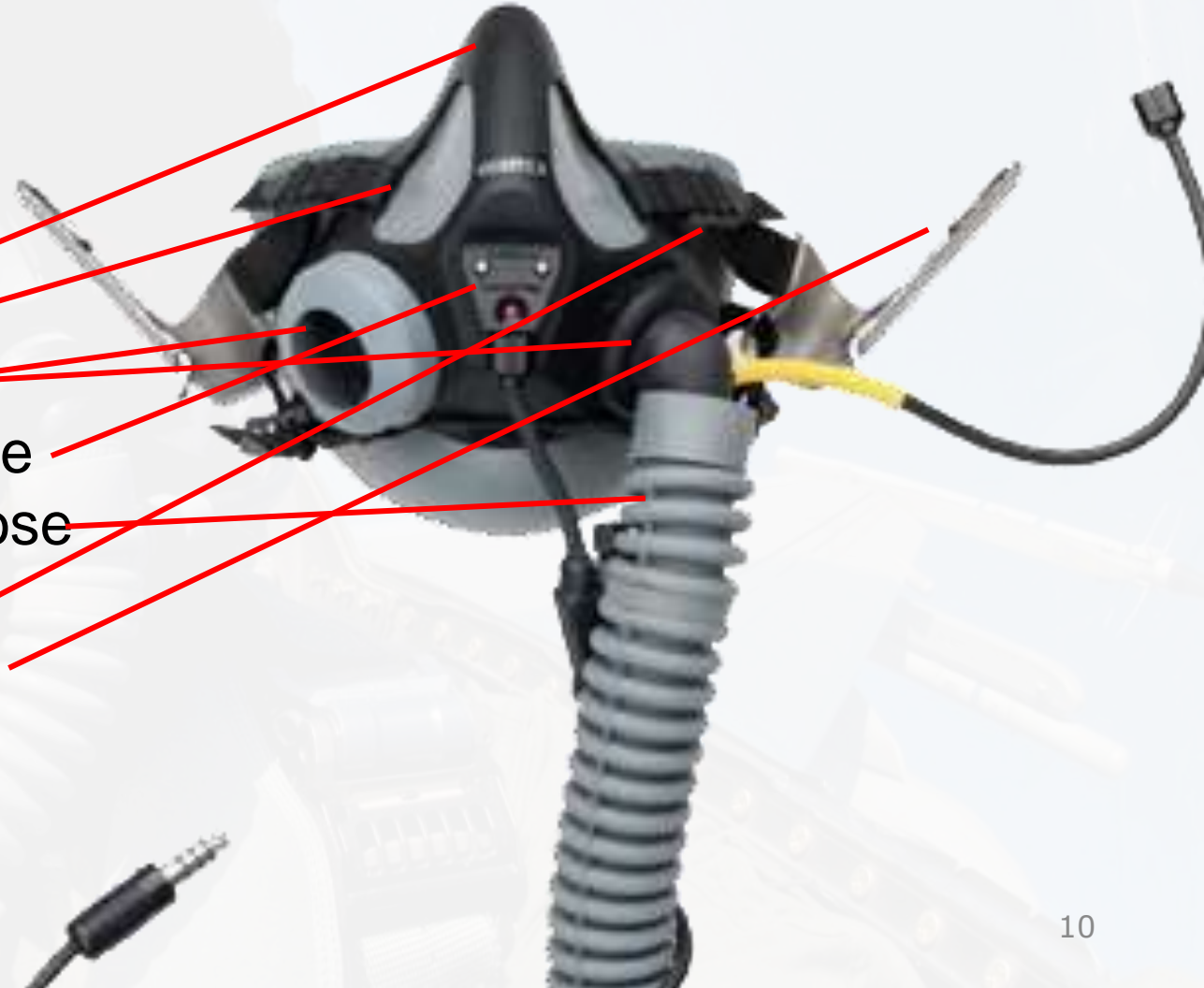
Purpose

1. To gain insight in the background and origins of the nasal problems associated with the use of oxygen masks by F-16 pilots and to identify possible causes for these issues.
2. To create solutions addressing the problems identified, that may be realised in the near future as well as options that can lead to improved products in the further future.

Oxygen Mask

MBU-20/p

- Hard shell
- Soft shell
- Valves
- Microphone
- Oxygen hose
- Webbing
- Bayonets

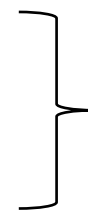




Methods

Purpose 1 (identifying factors)

- Literature research
- Product comparison
- Interviews
- Prototype testing



Bottleneck analysis

Purpose 2 (creating solutions)

- Requirements
- Idea generation
- Concept ideas



Visual solution matrix



Literature research



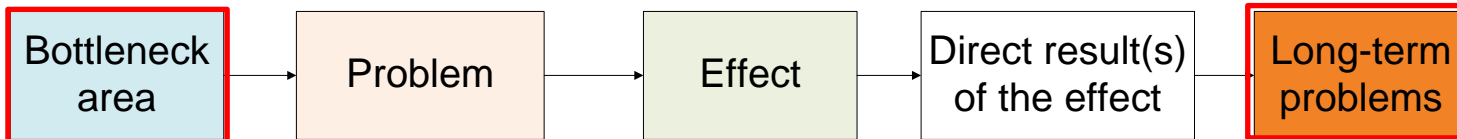
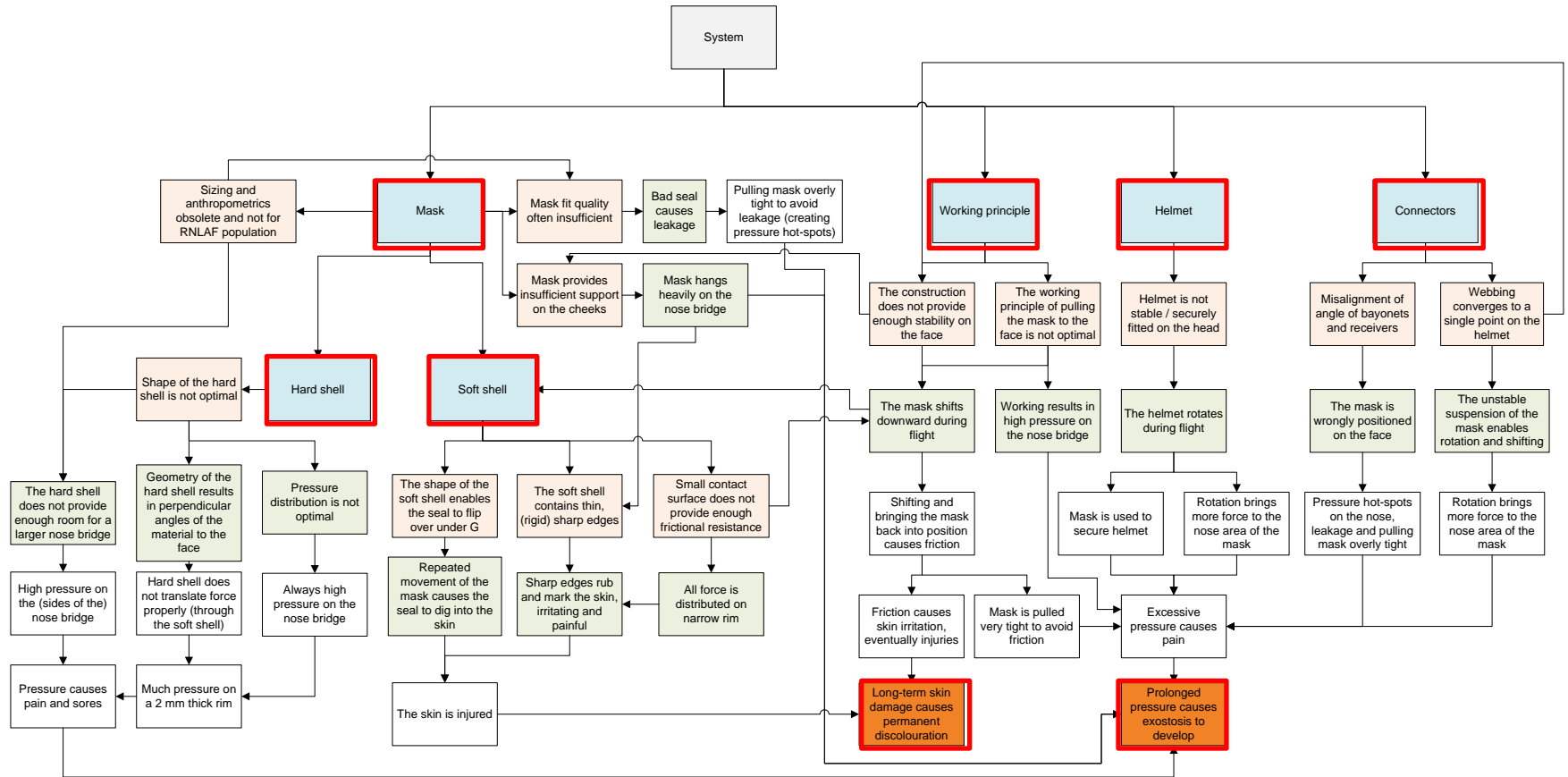
Product comparison

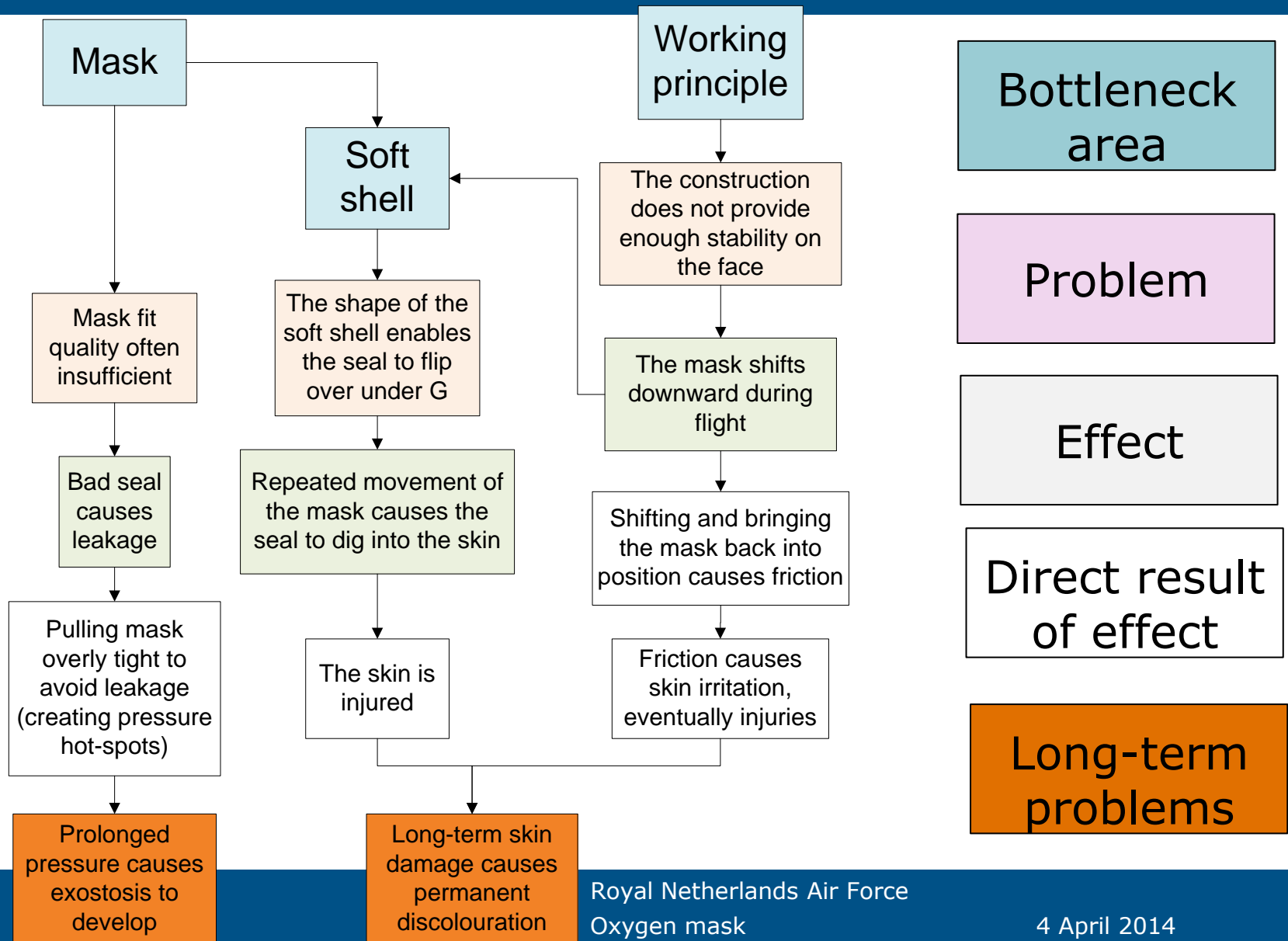
Interviews

- Semi-structured interviews
- 18 pilots (data saturation)



Bottleneck Analysis







Conclusions bottleneck analysis

Factors influencing (dis)comfort:

- Shifting downward of mask
 - Necessity of pulling the mask tight
 - To prevent/reduce the mask from shifting down
 - To prevent/reduce leakage (caused by shape and/or bad fit)
 - To keep the helmet in place
 - Rotating of the helmet
 - Sharp edges
 - Other factors:
 - Bayonets and webbing
 - Shape and material of soft shell
 - Shape of the hard shell
- } Prototyping testing



Prototype testing

Methods:
8 prototypes

	Hard shell		Soft shell		Bayonet		Expected ranking
Configuration	Original	New	Rubber	Silicone	20/p	12/p	
1	X		X		X		worst
2	X		X			X	
3	X			X	X		
4	X			X		X	
5		X	X		X		
6		X	X			X	
7		X		X	X		
8		X		X		X	best

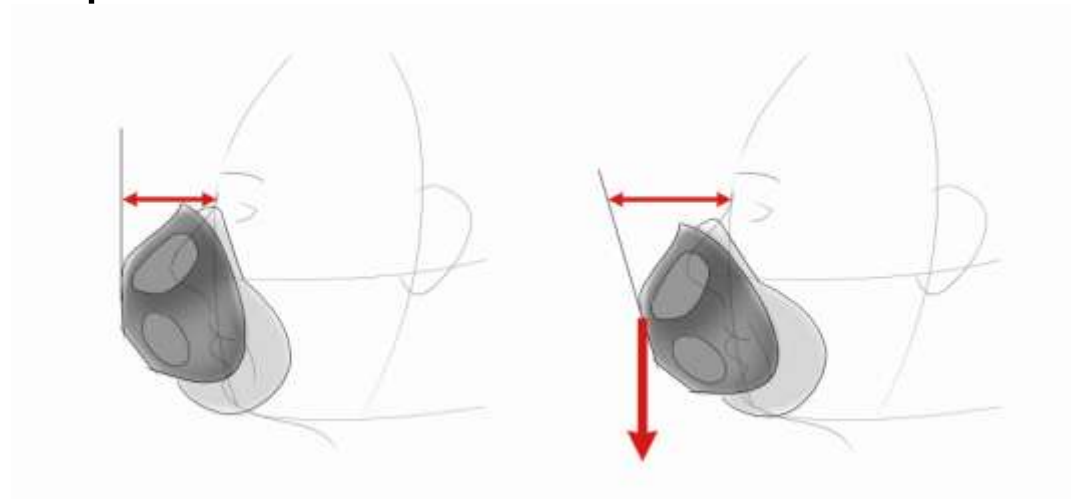




Prototype testing

Methods:

- 7 participants (pilots and instructors)
- Helmet and mask fitting according to standardized protocol
- Displacement test



- Questionnaire



Prototype testing: Outcome measures

- Displacement
- Questionnaire (VAS):
 - Stability
 - Fit
 - Discomfort
 - Pressure distribution
 - Hot-spots
 - Sharp edges
 - Anticipated problems



Conclusions Prototype testing

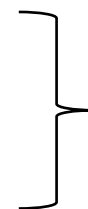
- Silicone soft shell less discomfort, but greater displacement
- 12/p bayonets better on all outcome measures, and significant on Displacement, Fit and Pressure distribution
- New hard shell better on all outcome measures, but never reached significant level
- Silicone soft shell significantly better on all outcome measures except for Displacement and Stability
- Most stable mask: mask 6 (new hard shell, rubber soft shell, 12/p bayonets)
- Overall winner: mask 8 (new hard shell, silicone soft shell, 12p bayonets)



Methods

Purpose 1 (identifying factors)

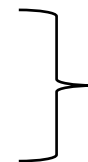
- Literature research
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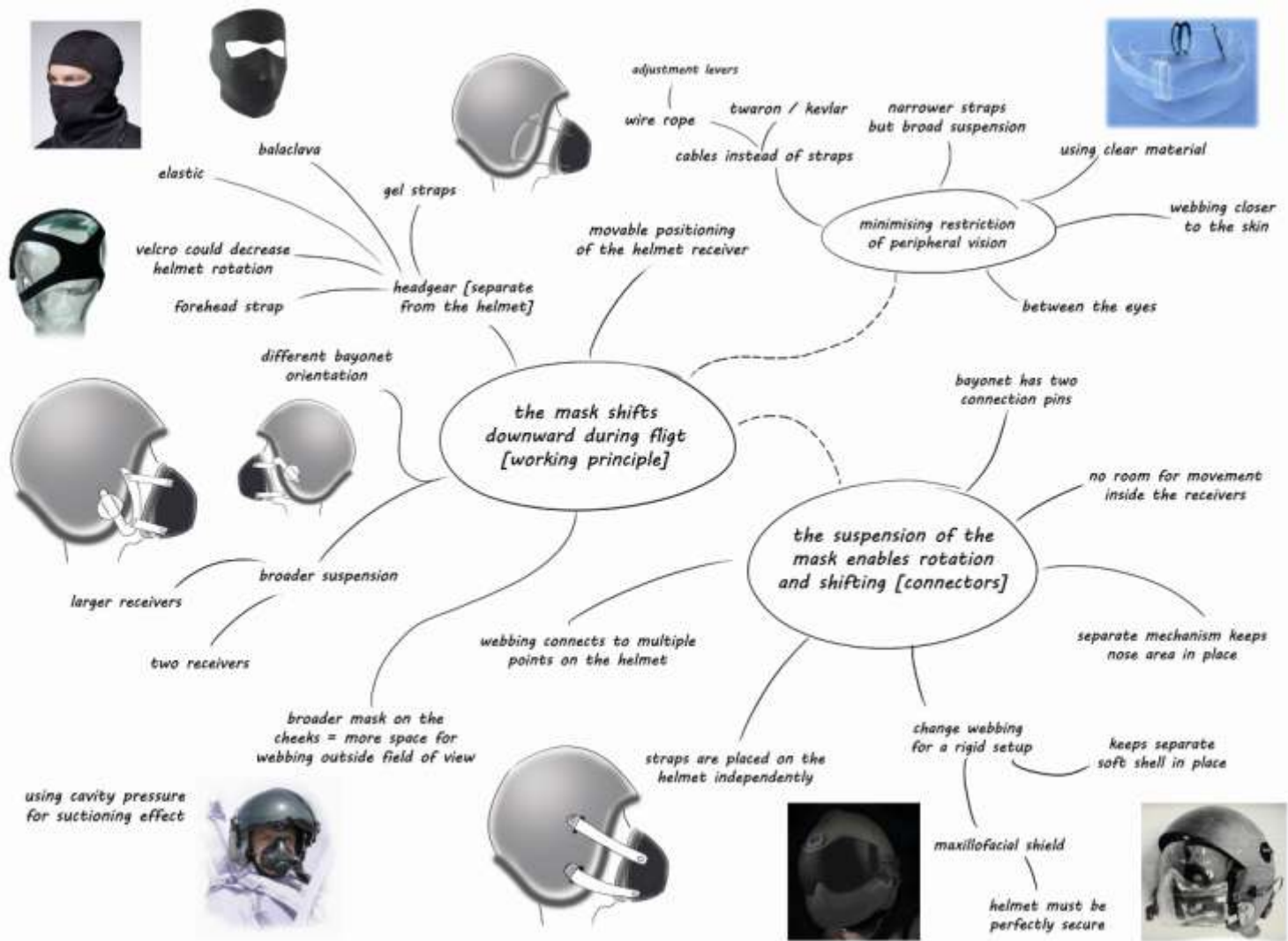
Bottleneck analysis

Purpose 2 (creating solutions)























- Requirements
- Idea generation
- Concept ideas



Visual solution matrix

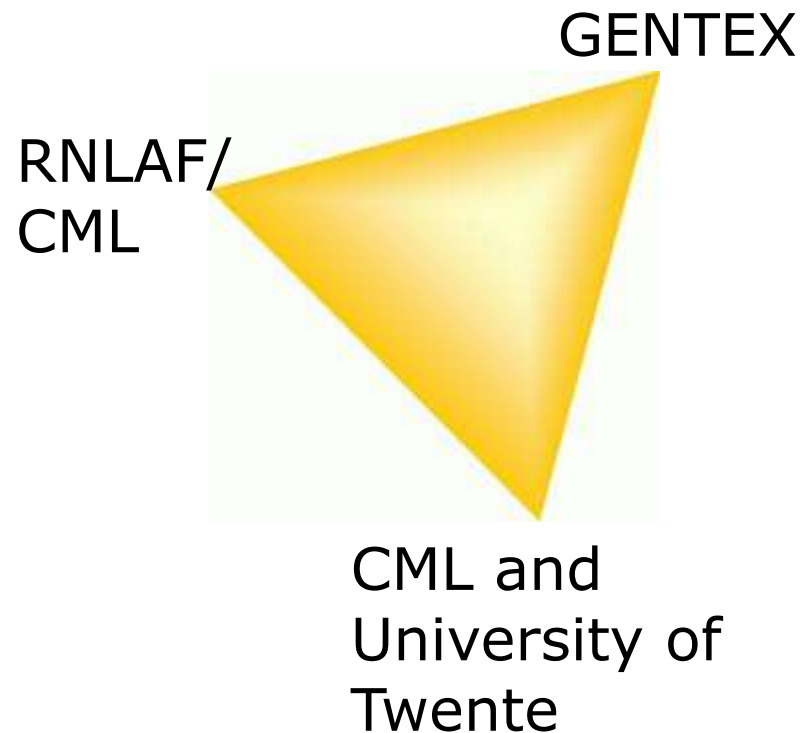




<i>solution</i> <i>topic</i>	1	2	3	4
<i>inner seal</i> <i>flips over</i> <i>on the nose</i>	1 	<i>air/structure</i>  <i>lower air pressure =</i> <i>tighter inflation</i>	<i>foam/gel</i> 	<i>reinforcements</i> 
<i>not enough</i> <i>frictional</i> <i>resistance</i>	2  <i>larger</i> <i>contact</i> <i>surface</i>	 <i>GeckSkin</i>	 <i>(micro)structure</i> <i>= more surface</i>	
<i>sharp</i> <i>edges</i>	3  <i>seal over shell</i>	 <i>reverse seal</i>	 <i>enlarge</i> <i>inner seal</i>	
<i>pressure</i> <i>distribution</i> <i>is not optimal</i>	4  <i>mouldable shell</i>	 <i>more contact surface</i>	 <i>translate pressure</i>	<i>nose is free</i> 
<i>geometry results</i> <i>in perpendicular</i> <i>angles to the face</i>	5  <i>contour</i> <i>follows face</i>	<i>single</i> <i>piece</i> <i>mask</i> 		
<i>the suspension</i> <i>of the mask</i> <i>enables rotation</i> <i>and shifting</i>	6  <i>webbing -> rigid setup</i>	 <i>independently placed straps</i>		
<i>mask shifts</i> <i>downwards</i> <i>during flight</i>	7  <i>two receivers</i>	 <i>larger bayonets</i>	 <i>straps</i> <i>(w/o</i> <i>forehead</i> <i>strap)</i> <i>separate headgear</i>	 <i>balaclava</i>



The golden Triangle: Knowledge/Innovation



- University of Twente:
- HAPPY!
- CML:
- HAPPY!
- GENTEX:
- HAPPY!
- RNLAf:
- Almost HAPPY!



HAPPY
END